



Medicare Part B Drugs and Biologicals

4/25/2024

Closed Captioning: Auto-generated closed captioning is enabled in this course and is at best 70-90% accurate. Words prone to error include specialized terminology, proper names and acronyms.







Disclaimer

National Government Services, Inc. has produced this material as an informational reference for providers furnishing services in our contract jurisdiction. National Government Services employees, agents, and staff make no representation, warranty, or guarantee that this compilation of Medicare information is error-free and will bear no responsibility or liability for the results or consequences of the use of this material. Although every reasonable effort has been made to assure the accuracy of the information within these pages at the time of publication, the Medicare Program is constantly changing, and it is the responsibility of each provider to remain abreast of the Medicare Program requirements. Any regulations, policies and/or guidelines cited in this publication are subject to change without further notice. Current Medicare regulations can be found on the <u>CMS website</u>.







Recording

Attendees/providers are never permitted to record (tape record or any other method) our educational events. This applies to webinars, teleconferences, live events and any other type of National Government Services educational events.

Objective

During this webinar, we'll focus on coverage and billing information for drugs and biologicals that are covered by Medicare Part B.



Today's Presenters

Provider Outreach and Education Consultants

- Jennifer DeStefano
- Jennifer Lee, MBA











Agenda

Medicare Part B Drug Coverage Drug Pricing and Reimbursement Vaccinations and Administration Drug and Biological – Clinical Trial Not Otherwise Classified and Compound Drugs Units of Drugs and Biologicals Discarded Drugs and Biologicals Free of Charge Drugs and Biologicals Self Administered Drugs







Medicare Part B Coverage - Drugs and Biologicals

- Drugs and biologicals are covered only if all of the following requirements are met
 - Meet definition of drugs and biologicals
 - Meet all general requirements for covered items as incident to physician's service
 - Reasonable and necessary for diagnosis or treatment of illness or injury for which are administered
 - Type that are not usually self-administered
 - Not excluded as noncovered immunizations
 - Not been determined by FDA to be less than effective
- <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter</u> 15, Section 50





- Antigens
 - CPT codes 95144-95165 are only considered when the antigens are
 - Prepared by a physician who is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy and has examined the patient, determined a plan of treatment and dosage regimen
 - ✓ Determined by CMS a reasonable supply of antigens, not more than a 12 month supply prepared at any one time
 - The incident-to rule and regulations do not apply
- CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, Section 50.4.4.1





- Blood clotting factors
 - Medicare provides coverage of self-administered blood clotting factors for hemophilia patients who are competent to use such factors to control bleeding without medical supervision
- MLN Matters[®] <u>MM10474 Revised: Diagnosis Code Update for Add-on</u> <u>Payments for Blood Clotting Factor Administered to Hemophilia</u> <u>Inpatients</u>





- Drugs used with DME
 - Medicare covers drugs infused through DME, such as an infusion pump or drugs given by a nebulizer
- Practitioners: Are You Ordering Nebulizers and Inhalation Medication for Your Patient?





- Erythropoiesis Stimulating Agent
 - Not reasonable and necessary for beneficiaries with certain clinical conditions
 - \checkmark Damaging effect of the ESA on their underlying disease
 - \checkmark The underlying disease increases their risk of adverse effects related to ESA use
 - <u>NCD 110.21: Erythropoiesis Stimulating Agents (ESAs) in Cancer and Related</u> <u>Neoplastic Conditions</u>





- Enteral and Parenteral Nutrition Therapy
 - Prosthetic benefit for individuals with "permanent" dysfunction of the digestive tract. If medical record, including the judgment or the attending physician, indicates that the impairment will be long and indefinite duration, the test of permanence is met
 - NCD 180.2: Enteral and Parenteral Nutritional Therapy





- Injectable and infused drugs
- Covered when given by a licensed medical provider
 - CPT codes include chemotherapy infusions and injections, therapeutic, prophylactic, diagnostic infusions/injections, and hydration
 - \checkmark The start and stop times must be evident in the documentation in order to bill units for hours infused
 - \checkmark The use of a doctor's order or pharmacy directive/label to calculate times is not appropriate as correct coding is based on how incidents/services occur; not how services are planned
 - <u>Chemotherapy General Infusion Information</u>





- Injectable osteoporosis drugs
 - LCD <u>L37535</u> Vitamin D Assay Testing
- Oral antinausea drugs
 - The drugs must meet both these conditions
 - ✓ Be administered immediately before, at, or within 48 hours after chemotherapy
 - \checkmark Be used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drugs
- CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, Section 50.5.4





- Intravenous Immune Globulin
 - The dose and frequency of administration should be consistent with the FDA approved package insert
 - \checkmark When different from the FDA approved package insert, literature to support the specific schedule chosen should be available
 - Claims for procedures performed at unusually frequent intervals/high dosages may be reviewed for medical necessity
 - \checkmark If coverage of IVIG is denied, the administration and pre-administration services associated with IVIG will also be denied
- LCD L39314: Off-Label Use of Intravenous Immune Globulin (IVIG)





- Oral ESRD drugs
 - Medicare helps pay for some oral ESRD drugs if
 - \checkmark The same drug is available in injectable form and
 - ✓ The drug is covered under the Part B ESRD benefit
 - CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 8
- Oral cancer drugs
 - One of the following must apply
 - \checkmark The same drug is available in injectable form, or
 - \checkmark The drug is a prodrug of the injectable or oral form
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 17,</u> <u>Section 80.1</u>





- Transplant drugs
 - These drugs are not billable to Medicare Part B
 - Medicare covers prescription drugs used in immunosuppressive therapy under the DME benefit if they meet specific criteria
 - ✓ Unless the transplant occurred prior to Medicare Part A enrollment; may be eligible for coverage under Medicare Part D
- <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual,</u> <u>Chapter 17, Section 80.3</u>





- IVIG and Rituximab
 - Coverage for labeled indications continues for NGS jurisdictions
- Indications
 - A medically accepted indication, which is covered by NGS, is one of the following
 - An FDA approved, labeled indication or a use supported in the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information (AHFS-DI), NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium, Truven Health Analytics Micromedex DrugDex[®], Elsevier/Gold Standard Clinical Pharmacology and Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs[®] as the acceptable compendia based on CMS' Change Request 6191 (Compendia as Authoritative Sources for Use in the Determination of a "Medically Accepted Indication" of Drugs and Biologicals Used Off-Label in an Anti-Cancer Chemotherapeutic Regimen); or
 - ✓ Articles or Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) published by National Government Services.
- LCD Drugs and Biologicals, Coverage of, for Label and Off-Label Uses (L33394)





- What's Changed?
 - Moved coverage for these drugs from articles to new LCDs
 - Only off-label dx are listed in the coding articles
 - \checkmark previous articles listed all payable dx, labeled and off-label
- Billing and Coding articles attached to the new LCDs
 - <u>Article Billing and Coding: Off-Label Use of Intravenous Immune Globulin (IVIG)</u> (A59105)
 - <u>Article Billing and Coding: Off-label Use of Rituximab and Rituximab Biosimilars</u> (A59101)





- Skin Substitutes
 - Total manufacturer's invoice cost
 - JW and JZ modifiers apply
 - High Dollar Claims
 - ✓ Append modifier 76 or, comment claim one of four, two of four, etc.
 - Ensure units are a product of nine
 - Include wound DX
- <u>LCD Amniotic and Placental-Derived Product Injections and/or Applications for</u> <u>Musculoskeletal Indications, Non-Wound (L39139)</u>





Drug Pricing and Reimbursement

Average Sales Price

- CMS prices drugs based on Average Sales Price
 - ASP files are updated by CMS quarterly
 - Medicare Part B Drug Average Sales Price
- Note: NOC and compound drugs not listed on ASP files are priced by MAC





Wholesale Acquisition Cost/Invoice Pricing

- Payment allowance limits for drugs and biologicals that are not included in ASP or NOC files are based on published WAC and includes invoice pricing
- NGS has the discretion to determine how many invoices are necessary to determine reimbursement amounts for drugs subject to invoice pricing
 - Separate invoice for each claim

- OR -

• Establish payment amounts based on a smaller number of invoices that are representative of providers' costs





Mandatory Assignment on Claims

- Payment for drugs and biologicals covered under Medicare Part B is made on an assignment basis
 - All claims processed as assigned
- Patients can only be billed for applicable Medicare Part B deductible and coinsurance amounts
- <u>CMS IOM, Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual</u>, Chapter 17, Section 50





Medicare Part B Vaccinations and Administration

Vaccinations and Administration

- G0008 Influenza Administration Code
 - Influenza Virus Vaccine and Administration
- G0009 Pneumococcal Administration Code
 - Pneumococcal Vaccine and Administration
- G0010 Hepatitis B Administration Code
 - Hepatitis B Virus Vaccine and Administration
- COVID -
 - <u>COVID-19 Vaccines & Monoclonal Antibodies</u>
 - COVID vaccine administration code is dependent upon the vaccine and dosage being given





Drug and Biological - Clinical Trials

Drug and Biological - Clinical Trials

- A clinical trial is an interventional study where treatment is evaluated by qualified researchers who have developed an approved protocol
 - Interventions include both diagnostic and therapeutic services
 - \checkmark The administration of drugs included in a clinical trial may be covered by Medicare Part B
- Clinical Trial Services and Modifiers Q0 and Q1







Reporting Clinical Trial

| 1500 Claim Field | ANSI 837 v5010 Loop and Segment | Information Required |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 19 | 2300 REF02 & qualifier REF01 = P4 | Key the Clinical Trial Number, preceded by "CT" Example: CT XXXXXXX |
| Header 2 (H2) | 2300, REF02 & qualifier REF01=LX | IDE Number |
| 24D | 2400, SV101-2 | HCPCS code for clinical trial drug |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | Administration code |
| 24D (line 1 and 2) | 2400, SV101-3 | Q0 modifier - must be appended to both admin and drug code |
| 28 (line 1) | 2300, CLM01 | Total charge for drug code = \$0.01 (one penny) |
| 28 (line 2) | 2300, CLM01 | Total charge for administration code |



Not Otherwise Classified and Compound Drugs

Not Otherwise Classified

- Use appropriate NOC code
 - J3490 Unclassified drug
 - J3590 Unclassified biological
 - J9999 Not otherwise classified, anti-neoplastic drug
- Bill one service unit
 - 2400/SV1-04 data element or in line item 24G of CMS-1500 form
- These details must be included in the notes section of the claim
 - Name of the drug
 - Dose administered (mg, cc, etc.)
 - Route of administration (IV, IM, SC, PO, etc.)
 - Invoice price (for new drugs if WAC is unavailable, or for compounded drugs)





Compound Drugs – J7999

- Compound drugs is the process of combining or mixing two or more individual drugs to create a medication that is tailored to the needs of a specific patient
 - ✓ Examples patient has allergies, cannot swallow a pill, cannot have dyes in their medications, etc.
 - These details must be included in the notes section of the claim
 - ✓ Each drug name
 - ✓ Each drug dosage
 - \checkmark Route of administration
 - ✓ Invoice price





Claim Notes Section

- CMS 1500 Paper claim
 - Item 19
- 837P, version 5010
 - Not otherwise classified (NOC) Drug
 - Medicare Part B CMS-1500 Crosswalk for 5010 Electronic Claims





Units of Drugs and Biologicals

Units of Service

- Each drug/biological defines dosage amount in its description
- For Medicare Part B billing purposes, the units of service on the claim for a drug/biological are entered in multiples of the units shown in the HCPCS narrative description
- Example
 - Billing and Coding Hyaluronans Intra-articular Injections (A52420)
 - Use drug code description to determine the correct units to submit on the claim
 - ✓ "1mg" = total # of milligrams dosed
 - ✓ "per dose" = 1 unit, always
 - J7320 Hyaluronan or derivative, GenVisc 850, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg
 ✓ There are 25 mgs per dose; therefore, each dose is 25 units
- More examples
 - <u>CMS IOM, Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 17, Section</u>
 <u>70</u>





Billing Correct Units J7320 and J7322

- The number of units is calculated by milligrams; each unit being equal to one milligram
- J7320 Hyaluronan or derivative, GenVisc[®] 850, for intra-articular injection, one mg
 - There are 25 mgs per dose; therefore each dose is 25 units
 - <u>Proper Billing Units for HCPCS Code J7320</u>
- J7322 Hyaluronan or derivative, hymovis, for intra-articular injection, one mg
 - There are 24 mgs per dose; therefore each dose is 24 units




Billing Correct Units for Q2028

- Q2028 Injection, Sculptra, 0.5 mg
- Sculptra is calculated as 0.5mg and is packaged as a single dose vial (SDV) containing 367.5mg per vial; and cannot be split up for payment
 - Each billing unit = 0.5 mg
 - One vial is 367.5 mg = 735 units
 - Two vials are 735 mg = 1470 units
- Depending on how many vials were administered, total quantity/units billed would be noted as 735 or 1470
- Dermal Injections for Treatment of Facial Lipodystrophy Syndrome





Discarded Drugs and Biologicals

Payment for Unused Portion of Single Dose Container – JW Modifier

- Medicare Part B payment may be made for the unused portion of a single dose vial of a drug/biological
 - Medicare Part B will pay for the dose that was administered to the patient as well as the remaining dose that had to be discarded
 - Report JW modifier to be eligible for payment
- Example
 - A single use container is labeled 100 units, patient received 95 units leaving five units as waste
 - ✓ 95 units is billed on one line
 - ✓ Five units is billed on a separate line using the JW modifier to identify as waste/discard







Reporting JW Modifier

| 1500 Claim Field | ANSI 837 v5010 Loop and Segment | Information Required |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 19 | 2300 or 2400, NTE02 May also use 2400, SV101-7 | NDC, invoice cost, dosage |
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug HCPCS Code |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | The same drug HCPCS code |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-3 | JW modifier |
| 24D (line 3) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug administration code |
| 24G | 2400, SV104 | Units of service are calculated according to the applicable HCPCS code based on dosage |



Reporting Zero Drug Waste – JZ Modifier

- The 2023 Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule included a new requirement for providers to report modifier JZ when zero drug is wasted from a single-dose container, or single-use package
 - This applies to drugs separately payable under Medicare Part B
 - Effective 7/1/2023, providers are required to report JZ modifier
 - Editing began on 10/1/2023
- Example
 - A single use vial is labeled as 100 units, patient received all 100 units leaving zero waste
 - \checkmark 100 units billed with appropriate HCPCS code
 - \checkmark JZ modifier is appended to this HCPCS code to indicate no waste







Reporting JZ Modifier

| 1500 Claim Field | ANSI 837 v5010 Loop and Segment | Information Required |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 19 | 2300 or 2400, NTE02 May also use 2400, SV101-7 | NDC, invoice cost, dosage |
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug HCPCS Code |
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-3 | JZ modifier |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug administration code |
| 24G | 2400, SV104 | Units of service are calculated according to the applicable HCPCS code based on dosage |



Free of Charge Drugs and Biologicals

Free of Charge Drugs

- A drug/biological must represent an expense to the provider to be considered as a separate payment under Medicare Part B
- There is no expense to the provider when
 - The provider received the drug free of charge
 - The patient purchased/supplied the drug on their own
- The provider is entitled to reimbursement for administration of the medication
 - This requires specific billing requirements
 - ✓ The drugs HCPCS code total charge must be \$0.01 (one penny)
 - \checkmark The administration code will be its actual charge to ensure full reimbursement







Reporting Free of Charge

| 1500 Claim Field | ANSI 837 v5010 Loop and Segment | Information Required |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| 19 | 2300 or 2400, NTE02 | Narrative – "Patient supplied" or "Provided Free of Charge" |
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-2 | Covered drug HCPCS code: established or NOC drug code |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug administration code |
| 28 (line 1) | 2300, CLM02 | Total charge = \$0.01 |
| 28 (line 2) | 2300, CLM02 | Total charge for administration code |



Self-Administered Drugs

Self-Administered Drugs

- A drug that is self-administered by more than 50% of the Medicare beneficiary population is an exclusion to coverage
- CMS requires MACs to determine when a drug is excluded under SAD using instruction from
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, Section</u> 50.2: Determining Self-Administration of Drug or Biological





Self-Administered Drugs - Exclusions

- List of Medicare excluded drugs and biologicals
 - <u>Self-Administered Drug Exclusion List: Medical Policy Article (A53021)</u>
- Criteria used by NGS to determine SAD
 - Process for Determining Self-Administered Drug Exclusions Medical Policy Article (A53020)







Reporting SAD

| 1500 Claim Field | ANSI 837 v5010 Loop and Segment | Information Required |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug HCPCS (established code or NOC code) |
| 24D (line 1) | 2400, SV101-2 | GY modifier |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | Drug administration code |
| 24D (line 2) | 2400, SV101-2 | GY modifier |
| 28 (line 1) | 2300, CLM02 | Total charge drug code=\$0.01 |
| 28 (line 2) | 2300, CLM02 | Total charge of administration code |



References

References "

- CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 17
- Sections
 - 10 Payment Rules for Drugs and Biologicals
 - 20.1.3 Exceptions to Average Sales Price (ASP) Payment Methodology
 - 20.2 Single Drug Pricer (SDP)
 - 40 Discarded Drugs and Biologicals
 - 50 Assignment Required for Drugs and Biologicals
 - 70 Claims Processing Requirements General
 - 80 Claim Processing for Special Drug Categories





References 2

- CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15
- Sections
 - 50–50.4.8 Drugs and Biologicals
 - 50.5–50.6 Self-Administered Drugs and Biologicals
- Drugs and Biologicals
- Local Coverage Determination (LCD): Drugs and Biologicals, Coverage of, for Label and Off-Label Uses (L33394)
- Drug Coverage under Different Parts of Medicare
- JW Modifier and JZ Modifier FAQs





Questions?

Thank you! A follow-up email will be sent to attendees with the Medicare University Course

Code.

Connect with us on Social Media





Text NEWS to 37702; Text GAMES to 37702



www.MedicareUniversity.com Self-paced online learning



LinkedIn Educational Content





Find us online





www.NGSMedicare.com Online resources, event calendar, LCD/NCD, and tools



national aovernment

SERVICES

IVR System

The interactive voice response system (IVR) is available 24-hours a day, seven days a week to answer general inquiries



NGSConnex Web portal for claim information



Sign up for Email Updates

Subscribe for Email updates at the top of any NGSMedicare.com webpage to stay informed of news

