



Medicare Secondary Payer Group Health Plans

4/4/2024

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Today's Presenters

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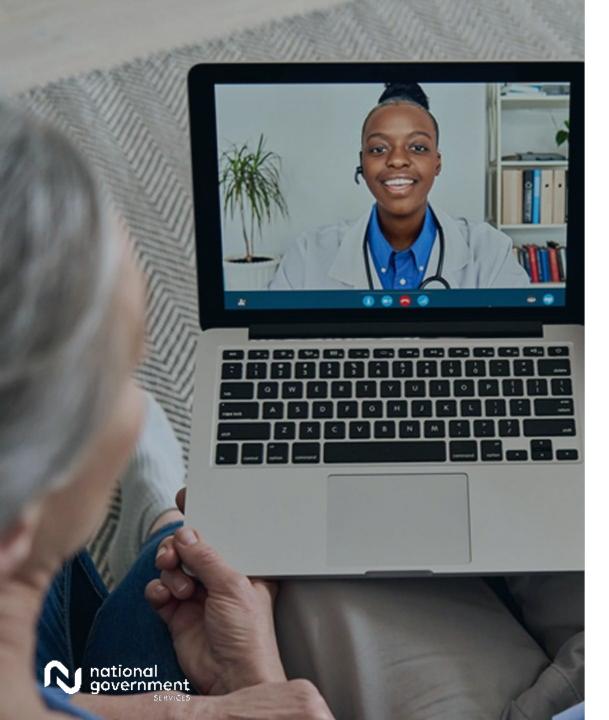


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Objective

After this session you'll have a better understanding of the MSP group health plan provision guidelines to ensure your claims are being submitted to the Medicare program appropriately.





Agenda

Medicare Secondary Payer Group Health Plans (GHP)

- Working Aged (type 12)
- Disability (type 43)
- ESRD (type 13)

Group Health Plan Scenarios







Group Health Plans (GHP)

Provider Responsibilities

- Ask Medicare patients if there's other insurance
 - Your Billing Responsibilities
 - <u>Admission Questions to Ask Medicare</u>
 <u>Beneficiaries</u>
- Submit MSP claims with appropriate
 - <u>Electronic Data Interchange: Medicare</u> Secondary Payer ANSI Specifications for 837P





Defining Terms

- MSP: Medicare Secondary Payer
 - Term Medicare uses for situations when Medicare is not primary claim payer
 ✓ After primary insurance processes claim, Medicare may pay secondary
- GHP: Group Health Plan
 - Health coverage based on employment benefits of beneficiaries and/or spouse
 - Medicare is always either primary or secondary for GHP
- References
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-05, Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP) Manual, Chapter 1 –</u> <u>General MSP Overview</u>
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-05, Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP Manual, Chapter 2 MSP Provisions</u>





Who Pays First?

- GHP insurance may be primary
 - Working Aged (12)
 - Disabled (43)
 - ESRD (13)
- Medicare will process as secondary payer
- <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-05,</u> <u>Medicare Secondary Payer (MSP)</u> <u>Manual Chapter 2 – MSP Provisions</u>
- <u>Admission Questions to Ask Medicare</u> <u>Beneficiaries</u>







MSP Working Aged (12)

- Five criteria must be met
 - Beneficiary aged 65 or older
 - Beneficiary enrolled in Medicare Part A
 - Beneficiary or spouse (of any age) employed and actively working
 - Beneficiary covered by EGHP through that employer
 - Size of employer (full- and/or part-time employees)
 - ✓ Individual employer GHP = 20 or more employees
 - ✓ Multi-employer or multiple employer GHPs = at least one employer employs 20 or more employees





Working Aged Scenario

Individual (age 67) works for a small business where the person is the only employee.

Spouse of individual (age 68) also works for a large company with 2000 employees and has GHP coverage for self and spouse.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

Yes, Medicare is secondary payer.





MSP Disability (Type 43)

- Five criteria must be met
 - Beneficiary under age 65
 - Beneficiary enrolled in Medicare Part A
 - Beneficiary or family member (of any age) employed and actively working
 - Beneficiary covered by LGHP through that employer
 - Size of employer (full- and/or part-time employees)
 - ✓ Individual/multiple employer LGHP 100 or more employees
 - ✓ Multi-employer plan at least one employer employs 100 or more employees





Disability Scenario

Individual (age 47) on Medicare for disability and works part-time for a small business with less than five workers and no health benefits.

Spouse of individual (age 58) works for a large company with 8000 employees and has LGHP coverage for self and spouse.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

Yes, Medicare is secondary payer





MSP ESRD (Type 13)

- Beneficiary of any age diagnosed with permanent kidney failure
- Two criteria must be met
 - Beneficiary eligible for or entitled to Medicare based on ESRD
 - \checkmark Usually, third month after month started regular course of maintenance dialysis
 - Beneficiary enrolled in GHP through • current/former employer of self or family member

30-month coordination period

- Begins earlier of
 - ✓ Regular course renal dialysis initiated
 - ✓ Self-dialysis training occurred
 - ✓ Entitlement based on kidney transplant
- Also based on
 - ✓ Date Part A became effective based on ESRD
 - ✓ Date Part A would have become effective based on ESRD had individual applied for Medicare when eligible
- Ends last date of 30th month from date began
 - ✓ Earlier if GHP ends prior to end of 30th month





ESRD Scenario

Individual (age 49) currently works with LGHP coverage. Individual is diagnosed with permanent kidney failure in January 2024, begins receiving dialysis treatment three times weekly, and goes on Medicare in April 2024.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

Yes, Medicare is secondary payer.





MSP Regulations



- CMS IOM Publication 100-05, Medicare Secondary Payer Manual, Chapter 2
 - Section 10: Working Aged
 - Section 20: End-Stage Renal Disease
 - Section 30: Disabled





Interactive Scenarios

Scenario One

Individual age 66 entitled to Medicare based on age and works full time.

Employer has 250 staff members and offers insurance benefits.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

Yes, GHP coverage by virtue of current employment status and employee threshold met; therefore, MSP.





Scenario Two

Individual age 72 entitled to Medicare based on age and works part time.

Employer has 450 staff members and offers insurance benefits, but the Medicare individual opts not to take the GHP offered by employer.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

No, Medicare beneficiaries are free to reject employer plan coverage, in which case they retain Medicare as their primary coverage.





Scenario Three

Individual (age 48) entitled to Medicare based on disability, does not work.

Spouse works part-time and has Affordable Care Act insurance through the Marketplace.

Is Medicare secondary payer?

No, Medicare is primary for the individual age 48.





Scenario Four

Fully disabled individual (age 58) has Medicare and no other coverage.

Individual gets married in October 2023, goes on spouses LGHP coverage effective 11/1/2023, and LGHP carries 1,500 employees.

Is Medicare secondary payer for 9/19/2023?

Is Medicare secondary payer for 12/22/2023?

Spouse's LGHP becomes primary on 11/1/2023; therefore, for services on 9/19/2023, Medicare is primary and for services on 12/22/2023, Medicare is secondary payer.





Scenario Five

Individual (age 37), works full-time with employer group benefits and individual begins course of maintenance dialysis on 6/11/2023.

Effective 9/1/2023, individual is eligible for Medicare on basis of ESRD.

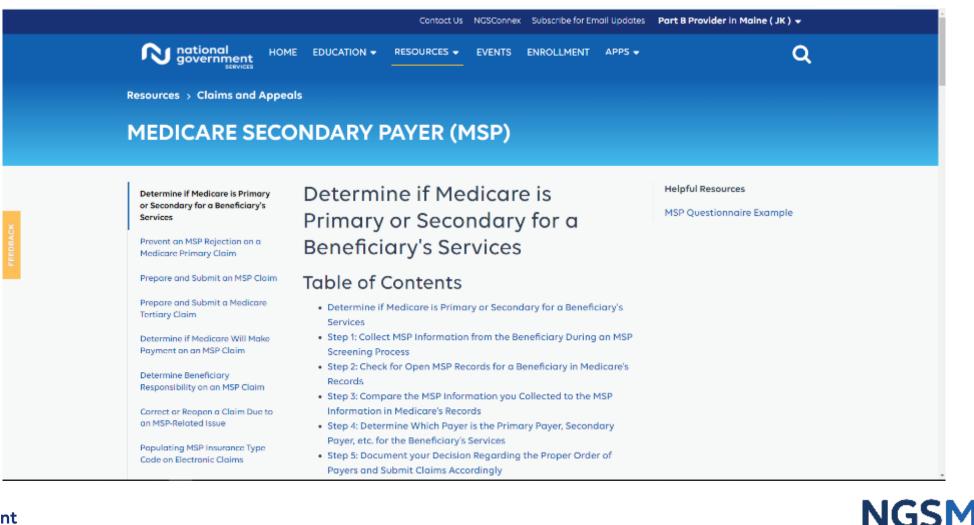
Is Medicare secondary payer?

Yes, Medicare would be secondary because individual's GHP coverage was by virtue of current employment and continues to be secondary payer for 30 month of ESRDbased eligibility.





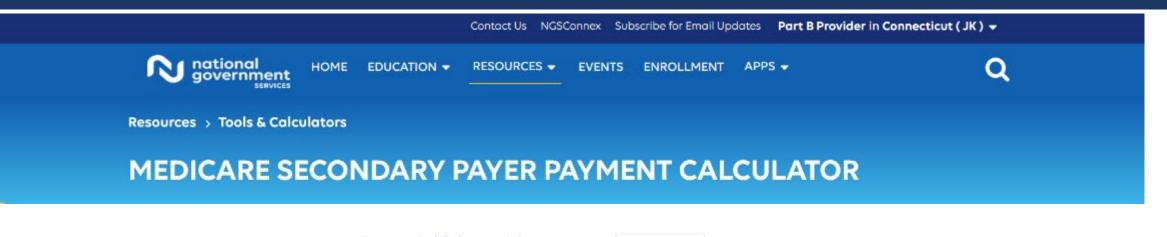
NGS MSP Resources







MSP Payment Calculator



Enter provider billed amount \$: *	
Enter Medicare's allowed amount \$: *	
What is the Medicare reimbursement percentage? (80% or 100%) *	~
Enter primary allowed amount \$: *	
Enter primary paid amount \$: *	
Enter OTAF amount \$ (if no OTAF, leave blank):	
Calculate	





How to Determine the Medicare Secondary Payment Amounts

- First, the MSP payment is determined by the following
- Actual charge by physician/supplier or OTAF minus amount paid by 1. primary
- 2. Usual Medicare payment determination
 - Fee Schedule amount (minus any unmet deductible (2023 = \$226, 2024 = \$240)
 - Multiply results by 80% (or other as appropriate)
- 3. Highest allowed amount minus amount paid by primary
 - MPFS or amount payable under Medicare (not including deductible or coinsurance)
 - Primary payer's allowed amount
- The Medicare payment is the lowest of the three amounts





Step-By-Step Example

Example	Calculation
 Physician's charge = \$175 	1. Actual charge by physician minus primary
• Primary payer's allowed charge = \$150	payers' payment • \$175 - \$120 = \$55
 Primary payer paid 80% of allowed charge = \$120 	 2. Usual Medicare payment determination 80% x \$125 = \$100
Medicare fee schedule amount = \$125	3. Highest allowed amount minus amount paid
Patient's Part B deductible met	by primary • \$150 - \$120 = \$30





Questions?

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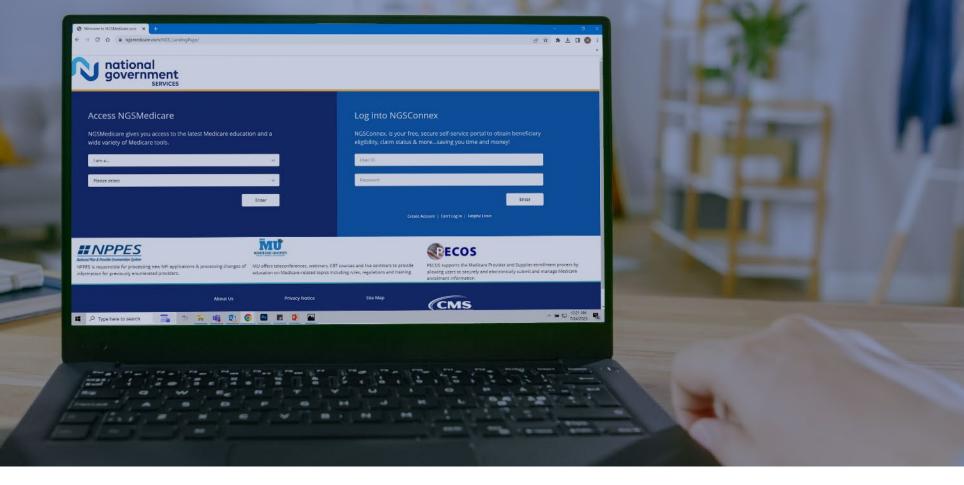


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