

Medicare Signature Guidelines

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Today's Presenters

- Provider Outreach and Education Consultants
 - Gail O'Leary
 - Lori Langevin





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Objectives

 To assist the Medicare Part B provider community with understanding the Medicare signature guidelines





Agenda

- Test Your Knowledge
- Signature Requirements
- Exceptions
- How to Determine Signature Requirements are Met
- Amendments, Corrections and Delayed Entries in Medical Documentation
- E-Prescribing
- FAQs
- References





Test Your Knowledge





Test Your Knowledge

 Send your answers for the "Test Your Knowledge" questions in the question box







- A Medicare provider can not make amendments to a medical record
 - True
 - False





- A signature log is not acceptable for Medicare
 - True
 - False





- A stamped signature is never acceptable for Medicare
 - True
 - False





- There are many acceptable electronic signatures allowed by Medicare
 - True
 - False





- Medicare will accept a valid order for any Part B medications, other than controlled substances, ordered through a qualified e-prescribing system
 - True
 - False





Signature Requirements





Handwritten Signature

 This is a mark or sign by an individual on a document to signify knowledge, approval, acceptance, or obligation





Signature Log

- Identifies the author associated with initials or an illegible signature
- Credentials required
- Must be a part of the patient's medical record
- Claim reviewers will consider submitted signature logs, regardless of the date created





Attestation Statement

[print full name of the physician/practitioner], hereby attest that the medical record entry for [date of service] accurately reflects signatures/notations that I made in my capacity as [insert provider credentials, e.g., M.D.] when I treated/diagnosed the above listed Medicare beneficiary. I do hereby attest that this information is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and I understand that any falsification, omission, or concealment of material fact may subject me to administrative, civil, or criminal liability."





Examples of Medical Records Requiring a Signature

- Dictated reports
- Outpatient visits
- Lab/diagnostic orders/requisitions
- Certificates of medical necessity
- Treatment plans/plan of care
- Treatment log notes
- Initial evaluations or current reevaluations
- Inpatient visits
- Office visits











 Facsimiles of original written or electronic signatures are acceptable for the certifications of terminal illness for hospice





- Orders for clinical diagnostic tests are not required to be signed
 - There must be medical documentation by the treating physician that they intended the clinical diagnostic test be performed
 - Must be authenticated by the author via a handwritten/electronic signature
- <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit</u> <u>Policy Manual, Chapter 15, Section 80.6.1</u>





- Other regulations and CMS instructions regarding signatures take precedence
 - For medical review purposes, if the relevant regulation, NCD, LCD and CMS manuals are silent on whether the signature is legible or present and the signature is illegible/missing, the reviewer will follow guidelines to discern the identity and credentials of the signator
 - In cases where the relevant regulation, NCD, LCD and CMS manuals have specific signature requirements, those signature requirements take precedence





- CMS would permit use of a rubber stamp for signature in accordance with the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
 - Author with physical disability has to provide proof of their inability to sign due to their disability





How to Determine if Signature Requirements are Met





| | Sig. Req. Met | Contact Provider |
|---|------------------|---------------------|
| Legible full signature | Х | |
| Legible first initial and last name | Х | |
| Illegible signature over a typed/printed name | Х | |
| Illegible signature where the letterhead, addressograph or other information on the page indicates the identity of the signatory (e.g., An illegible signature appears on a prescription. The letterhead of the prescription lists (3) physician's names. One of the names is circled.) | Х | |
| Illegible signature NOT over a typed/printed name and NOT on letterhead, but the submitted documentation is accompanied by a signature log/attestation statement | Х | |





| | Sig. Req. Met | Contact Provider |
|--|------------------|---------------------|
| Illegible signature NOT over a typed/printed name, NOT on letterhead and the documentation is unaccompanied by a signature log/attestation statement | | Х |
| Initials over a typed or printed name | Х | |
| Initials NOT over a typed/printed name but accompanied by a signature log/attestation statement | Х | |
| Initials NOT over a typed/printed name unaccompanied by a signature log/attestation statement | | Х |
| Unsigned typed note with provider's typed name | | Х |





| | Sig. Req. Met | Contact Provider |
|--|------------------|---------------------|
| Unsigned typed note without providers typed/printed name | | Х |
| Unsigned handwritten note, the only entry on the page | | Х |
| Unsigned handwritten note where other entries on the same page in the same handwriting are signed. | Х | |
| "Signature on File" | | Х |





Acceptable Electronic Signatures

- Chart "Accepted by" with provider's name
- "Electronically signed by" with provider's name
- "Verified by" with provider's name
- "Reviewed by" with provider's name
- "Released by" with provider's name
- "Signed before import by" with provider's name
- Digitalized signature: Handwritten and scanned into the computer





Acceptable Electronic Signatures

- "This is an electronically verified report by John Smith, MD"
- "Authenticated by John Smith, MD"
- "Authorized by: John Smith, MD"
- "Digital Signature: John Smith, MD"
- "Confirmed by" with provider's name
- "Closed by" with provider's name
- "Finalized by" with provider's name
- "Electronically approved by" with provider's name





Amendments, Corrections and Delayed Entries in Medical Documentation





Amendments

- Occasionally certain entries related to services provided are not properly documented
- Documentation will need to be amended, corrected, or entered after reviewing the service
 - The MAC will consider submitted entries that comply with the recordkeeping principles





Recordkeeping Principles

- Documents submitted to MACs containing amendments, corrections or addenda must
 - 1. Clearly and permanently identify any amendment, correction or delayed entry as such, and
 - 2. Clearly indicate the date and author of any amendment, correction or delayed entry and original date of entry being corrected
 - 3. Clearly identify all original content, without deletion





Recordkeeping Principles

- Paper medical records
 - When correcting, these principles are generally accomplished by
 - A single line strike through so original content can still be read, and
 - Author of the alteration must sign and date revision
 - Must be clearly signed/dated upon entry





Recordkeeping Principles

- Electronic health records
 - Principles specified previously remain necessary
 - EHRs containing amendments, corrections or delayed entries must
 - Distinctly identify amendment(s), correction(s) or delayed entry, and
 - Provide reliable means to clearly identify the original content, altered content, as well as date and authorship of each modification of the record





Electronic Prescribing (E-Prescribing)





E-Prescribing for Part B Medications (Other than Controlled Substances)

- MAC reviewers will accept as a valid order any Part B medications, other than controlled substances, ordered through a qualified e-prescribing system
 - For medical review purposes, e-prescribing system must meet all 42 CFR Section 423.160 requirements
 - Standards for Electronic Prescribing, 42 CFR 423.160




E-Prescribing for Part B Controlled Substance Medications

- MAC reviewers will only accept hardcopy pen and ink signatures as evidence of a medication order
 - The DEA is in the process of establishing requirements for electronic prescriptions











- What is required for a valid signature?
 - The following criteria must be met
 - Services provided/ordered must be authenticated by the ordering practitioner
 - Signatures are handwritten, electronic, or stamped (stamped signatures are only permitted in the case of an author with a physical disability who can provide proof of an inability to sign due to a disability); and
 - Signatures are legible
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4 - Signature Requirements





- What should I do if I have not signed an order/medical record?
 - Retroactive signatures are not acceptable
 - Submit an attestation statement
 - If an order for tests is unsigned, you may submit progress notes showing intent to order the tests
 - Progress note must specify what tests were ordered
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4 - Signature <u>Requirements</u>





- What do I do if the signature is not legible?
 - Submit a signature log or attestation
 - If original record contains a printed signature below illegible signature, this is acceptable
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4 - A Handwritten <u>Signature</u>





- What if there is no signature log currently in place?
 - A signature log can be created at any time





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- Can I attest to my signature?
 - Yes, you can attest that a signature is your own
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4.C – Signature <u>Attestation Statement</u>





- Can I automatically send a signature log/attestation with the medical documentation?
 - Yes. This will help avoid delays in the review process





- Do signatures need to be dated?
 - Documentation must contain enough information to determine the date the service was performed/ordered
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4.H – Signature Dating <u>Requirements</u>





- What are the guidelines for electronic signatures?
 - Systems/software must include protections against modification
 - Apply administrative safeguards
 - Part B providers must use a qualified electronic prescribing system
 - <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program Integrity</u> <u>Manual</u>, Chapter 3, Section 3.3.2.4.E-F – Electronic Signatures and Electronic Prescribing





- Who needs to sign the medical record for incident to services?
 - The supervising physician does not need to sign
 - He/she must be present in the office
 - It has to be a follow-up visit to a care plan already in place





- Can someone from the same medical practice sign a record in the absence of the ordering physician's signature?
 - No. Even in cases where two individuals are in the same group, one should not sign for the other in medical record entries or attestation statements.











References

- <u>CMS IOM Publication 100-08</u>, <u>Medicare Program</u> <u>Integrity Manual</u>, Chapter 3
- MLN® Fact Sheet: <u>Complying with Medicare</u> <u>Signature Requirements</u>
- MLN Matters® <u>MM6698 Revised: Signature</u> <u>Guidelines for Medical Review Purposes</u>
- NGS YouTube Video: Medicare Signature Guidelines
- Change Request 8219: Use of a Rubber Stamp for Signature





Thank You!

- Follow-up email
 - Attendees will be provided a Medicare University Course Code
- Questions?







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