Evaluation & Management Documentation Training Tool **Effective 7/1/2017** (may be implemented sooner at provider discretion)

1—History

Refer to the data section (below) in order to quantify. After referring to data, circle the entry farthest to the RIGHT in the table, which best describes the history of present illness (HPI), review of system (ROS), and past medical, family, social history (PFSH). If one column contains three circles, draw a line down that column to the bottom row to identify the type of history. If no column contains three circles, the column containing a circle farthest to the LEFT, identifies the type of history. After completing this table which classifies the history, circle the type of history within the appropriate grid in Section 5. Minimum requirements for each level of history are listed directly above each level in the grid. CHIEF COMPLAINTS REQUIRED FOR ALL HISTORY LEVELS.

HPI Elements				Calculation			
Location Quality	Severity	☐ Timing ☐ Context	 Modifying factors Associated signs and symptoms 	Brief (1-3)	Brief (1-3)	Extended (4 or more)	Extended (4 or more)
HPI: Status of Chronic	Conditions						
3 conditions				□ N/A	□ N/A	Status of 3 chronic conditions	Status of 3 chronic conditions
ROS: (Review of Syster	ns)						
 Constitutional (weight loss, etc.) Eyes 	 Ears, nose, mouth, and throat Card/Vascular Respiratory 	☐ GI ☐ GU ☐ Musc\Skeletal ☐ Integumentary (Skin, breast)	Neuro Psych Endo Hem Lymph All/immuno All others negative	🗌 None	Pertinent to Problem (1 system)	Extended (2–9)	Complete ROS: Ten or more systems, or some systems with statement "all others negative."
PFSH (past medical, far	mily, social history) areas	8					Complete (2 or 3 history area)
 Past history (patient's Family history (a revihereditary or place the patient of the	cluding diseases which may be	🗌 None	🗌 None	Pertinent to Problem (1 history area)	Complete PFSH Two history areas : a) Established patients – office (outpatient) care; b) Emergency dept. Three history areas : a) New patients – office (outpatient) care, domiciliary care, home care;		
Note: For subsequent hos unnecessary to record inf		n interval history is necessary. It is				b) Initial hospital care;c) Hospital observation;d) Initial nursing facility care.	
			Final Results	Problem Focused	Expanded Problem Focused	Detailed	Comprehensive



2—Examination

Refer to data section (table below) in order to quantify. After referring to data, identify the type of examination. Circle the type of examination within the appropriate grid in Section 5. Note: Choose 1995 or 1997 rules, but not both.

Examination	Calculation – Choose either 1995 or 1997 rules to calculate result							
Body areas:	1995							
 Head, including face Chest, including breast and axillae Abdomen Neck Back, including spine Genitalia, groin, buttocks 	One body area or system	2-5 areas or systems (Minimal detail for areas and/or systems examined; check list type documentation without any expansion of documentation of findings)	☐ 6-7 areas or systems (Expanded documentation of the areas and/or systems examined; requires more than checklists; needs to have normal/ abnormal findings expanded upon)	8 or more <i>systems only</i>				
Each extremity		19	997					
Organ systems: Constitutional (e.g., vitals, gen app) Ears, nose. mouth, throat Respiratory GI GU Cardiovascular Musculoskeletal Skin Neuro Psych Hem/lymph/imm Eyes	1-5 bullets (1 or more body areas or system)	☐ 6 bullets (1 or more body areas or system)	12 bullets in 2 or more body areas/systems or 2 bullets in 6 or more body areas/ systems (except eye and psych exams, which are 9 bullets)	2 bullets in 9 or more body areas or systems; or complete single organ system				
Final Results	Problem Focused	Expanded Problem Focused	Detailed	Comprehensive				

3—Medical Decision Making

Number of Diagnoses or Treatment Options

Identify each problem or treatment option mentioned in the record. Enter the number in each of the categories in Column B in the table below. (There is a maximum number in two categories.)

Table 3A

A—Problem(s) Status	B—Number	C—Points	D—Results	
Self-limited or minor (stable, improved, or worsening)	Max = 2	1		
Est. problem (to patient); stable, improved		1		
Est. problem (to patient); worsening		2		
New problem (to patient); no additional workup planned	Max = 1	3		Multiply the number in columns B — Number and C — Points and put the product in column D — Results . Enter a
New problem (to patient); add workup planned		4		total for column D, then bring total to line A in the "Final
		Tota	1	Result for Complexity" table below.

Amount and/or Complexity of Data Reviewed

For each category or reviewed data identified, circle the number in the **Points** column. Total the points.

Table 3B

Reviewed Data	Points
Review and/or order of clinical lab tests	1
Review and/or order of tests in the radiology section of CPT	1
Review and/or order of tests in the medicine section of CPT	1
Discussion of test results with performing physician	1
Decision to obtain old records and/or obtain history from someone other than patient	1
Review and summarization of old records and/or obtaining history from someone other than patient and/or discussion of case with another health care provider.	2
Independent visualization of image, tracing or specimen itself (not simply review of report)	2
Total	

Bring total to line C in final "Result for Complexity" table below.

Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or Mortality

Use the risk table below as a guide to assign risk factors. It is understood that the table below does not contain all specific instances of medical care; the table is intended to be used as a guide. Circle the most appropriate factor(s) in each category. The overall measure of risk is the highest level circled. **Enter the level of risk identified in "Final Result for Complexity" table below.**

Table 3C

Level of Risk	Presenting Problem(s)	Diagnostic Procedure(s) Ordered	Management Options Selected
Minimal	• One self-limited or minor problem, e.g., cold insect bite, tinea corporis	 Laboratory tests requiring venipuncture Chest X-rays EKG/ EEG Urinalysis Ultrasound, e.g., echo KOH prep 	 Rest Gargles Elastic bandages Superficial dressings
Low	 Two or more self-limited or minor problems One stable chronic illness, e.g., well controlled hypertension or noninsulin dependent diabetes, cataract, BPH Acute uncomplicated illness or injury, e.g., cystitis, allergic rhinitis, simple sprain 	 Physiologic tests not under stress, e.g., pulmonary function tests Noncardiovascular imaging studies with contrast, e.g., barium enema Superficial needle biopsies Clinical laboratory tests requiring arterial puncture Skin biopsies 	 Over-the-Counter drugs Minor surgery with no identified risk factors Physical therapy Occupational therapy IV fluids without additives
Moderate	 One or more chronic illness with mild exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment Two or more stable chronic illnesses Undiagnosed new problem with uncertain prognosis, e.g., lump in breast Acute illness with systemic symptoms, e.g., pyelonephritis, pneumonitis, colitis Acute complicated injury, e.g., head injury with brief loss of consciousness 	 Physiologic tests under stress, e.g., cardiac stress test, fetal contraction stress test Diagnostic endoscopies with no identified risk factors Deep needle or incisional biopsy Cardiovascular imaging studies with contrast and no identified risk factors, e.g., arteriogram cardiac catheter Obtain fluid from body cavity, e.g., lumbar puncture, thoracentesis, culdocentesis 	 Minor surgery with identified risk factors Elective major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic with no identified risk factors) Prescription drug management (continuation & new prescription) Therapeutic nuclear medicine IV fluids with additives Closed treatment of fracture or dislocation without manipulation
High	 One or more chronic illnesses with severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment Acute or chronic illnesses or injuries that may pose a threat to life or bodily function, e.g., multiple trauma, acute MI, pulmonary embolus, severe respiratory distress, progressive severe rheumatoid arthritis, psychiatric illness with potential threat to self or others, peritonitis, acute renal failure An abrupt change in neurologic status, e.g., seizure, TIA, weakness or sensory loss 	 Cardiovascular imaging studies with contrast with identified risk factors Cardiac electrophysiological tests Diagnostic endoscopies with identified risk factors Discography 	 Elective major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic with identified risk factors) Emergency major surgery (open, percutaneous or endoscopic) Parenteral controlled substances Drug therapy requiring intensive monitoring for toxicity Decision not to resuscitate or to de-escalate care because of poor prognosis

Final Result for Complexity

Table 3D

Α	Number diagnoses or treatment options	≤ 1 Minimal	2 Limited	3 Multiple	\geq 4 Extensive
В	Amount and Complexity of Data	≤ 1 Minimal	2 Limited	3 Moderate	\geq 4 Extensive
С	Highest Risk	Minimal	Low	Moderate	High
Type of decision making		Straight Forward	Low Complexity	Moderate Complexity	High Complexity

Draw a line down any column with 2 or 3 circles to identify the type of decision making in that column. Otherwise, draw a line down the column with the second circle from the left. After completing this table, circle the type of decision making within the appropriate grid in Section 5.

4—Time

If the physician documents total time *and* indicates that counseling or coordinating care dominates (more than 50%) the encounter, time **may determine level of service**. Documentation may refer to: prognosis, differential diagnosis, risks, benefits of treatment, instructions, compliance, risk reduction and/or discussion with another health care provider

Question	Ans	wer
Does documentation reveal total time?	☐ Yes	🗌 No
Does documentation describe the content of counseling or coordinating care?	☐ Yes	🗌 No
Does documentation reveal that more than half of the time was counseling or coordinating care?	Tes Yes	🗌 No

If all answers are "yes," you may select level based on time.

5—Level of Service

Outpatient and Emergency Room (ER)

	New Office/ER—	Requires three com	ponents within shad	Established Office—Requires two components within shaded area						
History	PF ER: PF	EPF ER: EPF	D ER: EPF	C ER: D	C ER: C		PF	EPF	D	С
Examination	PF ER: PF	EPF ER: EPF	D ER: EPF	C ER: D	C ER: C	Minimal problem that may not require presence of physician	PF	EPF	D	С
Complexity of medical decision	SF ER: SF	SF ER: L	L ER: M	M ER: M	H ER: H		SF	L	М	Н
Average time (minutes) (ER has no average time)	10 New (99201) ER (99281)	20 New (99202) ER (99282)	30 New (99203) ER (99283)	45 New (99204) ER (99284)	60 New (99205) ER (99285)	5 (99211)	10 (99212)	15 (99213)	25 (99214)	40 (99215)
Level	I	II	III	IV	V	Ι	II	III	IV	V

Inpatient

	Initial Hospital/Observation	n-Requires three components	within shaded area	Subsequent Hospital—Requires two components within shaded area			
History	D/C	С	С	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval	
Examination	D/C	С	С	PF	EPF	D	
Complexity of medical decision	SF/L	М	Н	SF/L	М	Н	
Average time (minutes) (Initial observation care has no average time)	30 Init hosp (99221) Observation care (99218)	50 Init hosp (99222) Observation care (99219)	70 Init hosp (99223) Observation care (99220)	15 Subsequent (99231) Observation (99224)	25 Subsequent (99232) Observation (99225)	35 Subsequent (99233) Observation (99226)	
Level	I	П	III	I	II	III	

Nursing Facility Care

	Initial Nursing Facility—Requires			Subsequent Nursing Facility-Requires two components within				Other Nursing Facility (Annual Assessment)—
	three compo	nents within s	haded areas	shaded areas				Requires three components within shaded areas
History	D/C	С	С	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval	C interval	D interval
Examination	D/C	С	С	PF	EFP	D	С	С
Complexity of medical decision	SF/L	М	Н	SF	L	М	Н	L/M
Average time (minutes) (Initial	25	35	45	10	15	25	35	30
observation care has no average time)	(99304)	(99305)	(99306)	(99307)	(99308)	(99309)	(99310)	(99318)
Level	Ι	П	III	I	П	III	IV	

Domiciliary, Rest Home (e.g., Boarding Home), or Custodial Care and Home Care

	New—Requires 3 components within shaded area						Established—Requires 2 components within the shaded area			
History	PF	EPF	D	С	С	PF interval	EPF interval	D interval	C interval	
Examination	PF	EPF	D	С	С	PF	EPF	D	С	
Complexity of	SF	L	М	М	Н	SF	L	М	M/H	
medical decision										
Average time	20	30	45	60	75	15	25	40	60	
(minutes)	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	Domiciliary	
	(99324)	(99325)	(99326)	(99327)	(99328)	(99334)	(99335)	(99336)	(99337)	
	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	Home Care	
	(99341)	(99342)	(99343)	(99344)	(99345)	(99347)	(99348)	(99349)	(99350)	
Level	Ι	II	III	IV	V	I	П	III	IV	

PF = Problem Focused | EPF = Expanded Problem Focused | D = Detailed | C = Comprehensive | SF = Straightforward | L = Low M = Moderate H = High Problem Focused | D = Detailed | C = Comprehensive | SF = Straightforward | L = Low M = Moderate H = High Problem Focused | D = Detailed | C = Comprehensive | SF = Straightforward | L = Low M = Moderate H = High Problem Focused | D = Detailed | D = Detailed | C = Comprehensive | SF = Straightforward | L = Low M = Moderate H = High Problem Focused | D = Detailed | D =

Medical necessity of a service is the overarching criterion for payment in addition to the individual requirements of a CPT code. It would not be medically necessary or appropriate to bill a higher level of evaluation and management service when a lower level of service is warranted. The volume of documentation should not be the primary influence upon which a specific level of service is billed. Documentation should support the level of service reported.

Related Content

- Current Procedural Terminology, American Medical Association
- CMS IOM Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 12, Section 30.6.1
- Evaluation and Management Services Guide (1.5 MB)
- 1995 Documentation Guidelines for Evaluation and Management Services
- 1997 Documentation Guidelines for Evaluation and Management Services (595 KB)